ST JOSEPH'S SCHOOL, TE KUITI

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

School Directory

Ministry Number: 1953

Principal: Suzanne Downey

School Address: Sedden St, Te Kuiti

School Postal Address: P O box 124, Te Kuiti

School Phone: 07 878 8190

School Email: office@stjosephtk.school.nz

Accountant / Service Provider:



ST JOSEPH'S SCHOOL, TE KUITI

Annual Financial Statements - For the year ended 31 December 2024

Index

Page	Statement
<u>1</u>	Statement of Responsibility
<u>2</u>	Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense
<u>3</u>	Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity
<u>4</u>	Statement of Financial Position
<u>5</u>	Statement of Cash Flows
<u>6 - 18</u>	Notes to the Financial Statements
	Independent Auditor's Report

St Joseph's School, Te Kuiti Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2024

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the Principal and others, as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the School's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the School.

The School's 2024 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Allana Grainger Full Name of Presiding Member	Suzanne Joy Downey Full Name of Principal
Adjunction of Presiding Member	Signature of Principal
24th April 2025.	24 APRIL 2025 Date:

St Joseph's School, Te Kuiti Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense For the year ended 31 December 2024

		2024	2024	2023
	Notes	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	713,651	759,000	772,889
Locally Raised Funds	3	40,298	27,600	23,645
Use of Proprietor's Land and Buildings		185,175	90,000	185,175
Interest		4,076	1,000	3,314
Total Revenue	_	943,200	877,600	985,023
Expense				
Locally Raised Funds	3	8,479	7,500	32,511
Learning Resources	4	585,003	635,700	649,698
Administration	5	113,831	111,400	98,098
Interest		327	-	-
Property	6	262,168	149,000	252,645
Total Expense	_	969,808	903,600	1,032,952
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		(26,608)	(26,000)	(47,929)
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	<u>-</u>	(26,608)	(26,000)	(47,929)

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



St Joseph's School, Te Kuiti Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024 Actual \$	2024 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2023 Actual \$
Equity at 1 January	<u>-</u>	72,394	92,800	103,609
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Contributions from the Ministry of Education Distributions to the Ministry of Education Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		(26,608) - - 10,484	(26,000) - - -	(47,929) 16,714 - -
Equity at 31 December	<u>-</u>	56,270	66,800	72,394
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense Reserves		56,270 -	66,800 -	72,394 -
Equity at 31 December	_	56,270	66,800	72,394

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



St Joseph's School, Te Kuiti Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2024

		2024	2024	2023
	Notes	Actual	Budget	Actual
		\$	(Unaudited) \$	\$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	17,577	44,400	28,508
Accounts Receivable	8	44,263	45,000	50,201
GST Receivable		7,960	3,000	3,851
Prepayments		2,060	1,800	-
Inventories	9	-	-	180
Investments		10,000	34,000	45,419
Transport Network	15	26,882	15,000	13,558
	_	108,742	143,200	141,717
Current Liabilities		,	-,	,
Accounts Payable	13	63,741	65,000	60,689
Finance Lease Liability	15	4,996	5,000	6,815
	_	68,737	70,000	67,504
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		40,005	73,200	74,213
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	11	17,770	20,500	26,764
	_	17,770	20,500	26,764
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	-	24,500	21,640
Finance Lease Liability	15	1,505	2,400	6,943
	-	1,505	26,900	28,583
Net Assets	_ =	56,270	66,800	72,394
Equity	_	56,270	66,800	72,394

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



St Joseph's School, Te Kuiti Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2024

		2024	2024	2023
	Note	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		221,274	209,000	220,356
Locally Raised Funds_		40,298	27,600	24,745
Goods and Services Tax (net)		(4,109)	-	2,011
Payments to Employees		(139,950)	(105,000)	(120,156)
Payments to Suppliers		(155,725)	(123,600)	(132,653)
Interest Paid		(327)	-	-
Interest Received		5,513	1,000	2,363
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities	-	(33,026)	9,000	(3,334)
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(3,227)	(10,000)	(5,852)
Purchase of Investments		(2,639)	· -	(3,966)
Proceeds from Sale of Investments		38,058	-	-
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities	-	32,192	(10,000)	(9,818)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		10,484	-	16,714
Finance Lease Payments		(7,257)	(5,600)	(6,558)
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities	-	(10,097)	(20,600)	10,156
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(10,931)	(21,600)	(2,996)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	28,508	66,000	31,504
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	17,577	44,400	28,508

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries, use of land and buildings grant and expense and other notional items have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



St Joseph's School, Te Kuiti Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2024

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

St Joseph's School, Te Kuiti (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a School as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements with reference to generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared with reference to generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The School is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the School is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$33 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.



Cvclical maintenance

The School recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the School buildings. The estimate is based on the School's best estimate of the cost of painting the School and when the School is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the School's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 14.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment, as disclosed in the significant accounting policies, are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 11.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the School. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee.

Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 15. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 20.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The School receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives:

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.



The property from which the School operates is owned by the Proprietor. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings. This expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met, funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.

Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value

f) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The School's receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education. Therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

g) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and are comprised of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

h) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is material.

i) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.



Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value, as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the School will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are: Furniture and Equipment Information and Communication Technology Leased Assets held under a Finance Lease Library Resources

10 years 5 years Term of Lease 12.5% Diminishing value

j) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment

The School does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell, the School engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information. The valuation is based on comparison to recent market transaction etc.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

k) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.



I) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date and annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

m) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Proprietor. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, building and other facilities on the School sites in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The School carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period. The economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the school to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

n) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

o) Borrowings

Borrowings on normal commercial terms are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the School has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

p) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statement of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

q) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

r) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



2. Government Grants

2. Government Grants	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	221,989	208,000	211,034
Teachers' Salaries Grants	489,771	550,000	559,318
Other Government Grants	1,891	1,000	2,537
	713,651	759,000	772,889

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

Essar farias raissa within the solitors community are made up of.	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations and Bequests	21,800	11,500	4,663
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	1,007	2,500	1,581
Trading	1,214	3,300	544
Fundraising and Community Grants	13,936	5,300	12,437
Other Revenue	2,341	5,000	4,420
	40,298	27,600	23,645
Expense			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	6,864	4,500	3,671
Trading	370	3,000	14,819
Fundraising and Community Grant Costs	245	-	8,673
Other Locally Raised Funds Expenditure	1,000	-	5,348
	8,479	7,500	32,511
Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year Locally Raised Funds	31,819	20,100	(8,866)

4. Learning Resources

	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	17,008	22,200	22,023
Employee Benefits - Salaries	551,619	585,000	605,432
Staff Development	4,154	12,000	7,319
Depreciation	12,222	16,500	14,924
	585,003	635,700	649,698



5. Administration

5. Administration	2024	2024	2023
		Budget	
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fees	5,977	5,000	5,358
Board Fees and Expenses	4,498	2,100	2,177
Other Administration Expenses	29,122	38,100	25,916
Employee Benefits - Salaries	65,828	58,000	56,991
Insurance	2,406	2,500	1,956
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	6,000	5,700	5,700
	113,831	111,400	98,098
6. Property			
6. Property	2024	2024	2023
6. Property	2024 Actual	2024 Budget (Unaudited)	2023 Actual
6. Property		Budget	
6. Property Consultancy and Contract Services	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual
Consultancy and Contract Services	Actual \$ 22,906	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 18,000	Actual \$ 16,719
Consultancy and Contract Services Cyclical Maintenance	Actual \$ 22,906 17,160	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 18,000 3,500	Actual \$ 16,719 2,584
Consultancy and Contract Services Cyclical Maintenance Heat, Light and Water	Actual \$ 22,906 17,160 8,571	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 18,000 3,500 7,500	Actual \$ 16,719 2,584 8,084
Consultancy and Contract Services Cyclical Maintenance Heat, Light and Water Rates	Actual \$ 22,906 17,160 8,571 2,672	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 18,000 3,500 7,500 3,000	\$ 16,719 2,584 8,084 2,353
Consultancy and Contract Services Cyclical Maintenance Heat, Light and Water Rates Repairs and Maintenance	\$ 22,906 17,160 8,571 2,672 4,022	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 18,000 3,500 7,500 3,000 3,500	\$ 16,719 2,584 8,084 2,353 3,361
Consultancy and Contract Services Cyclical Maintenance Heat, Light and Water Rates Repairs and Maintenance Use of Land and Buildings	\$ 22,906 17,160 8,571 2,672 4,022 185,175	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 18,000 3,500 7,500 3,000 3,500 90,000	\$ 16,719 2,584 8,084 2,353 3,361 185,175

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. This is used as a proxy for the market rental of the property.

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2024 Actual	2024 Budget (Unaudited)	2023 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Bank Accounts	7,577	44,400	18,508
Short-term Bank Deposits	10,000	-	10,000
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	17,577	44,400	28,508

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.



8. Accounts Receivable			
	2024	2024 Budget	2023
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	1,183	-	2,961
Interest Receivable	557	-	1,993
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	42,523	45,000	45,247
	44,263	45,000	50,201
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	557	-	1,993
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	43,706	45,000	48,208
	44,263	45,000	50,201
9. Inventories			
9. Inventories	2024	2024	2023
9. Inventories	2024 Actual	Budget	2023 Actual
9. Inventories			
9. Inventories Stationery	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$ 180
Stationery	Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$ 180
Stationery 10. Investments	Actual \$ -	Budget (Unaudited) \$ - - 2024 Budget	Actual \$ 180
Stationery 10. Investments	Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited) \$ - -	Actual \$ 180 180
Stationery 10. Investments The School's investment activities are classified as follows:	Actual \$ - - 2024 Actual	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 2024 Budget (Unaudited)	Actual \$ 180 2023 Actual
Stationery 10. Investments The School's investment activities are classified as follows: Current Asset	Actual \$ - 2024 Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited) \$ 2024 Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$ 180 2023 Actual \$

11. Property, Plant and Equipment

Total Investments

2024	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation \$	Total (NBV)
Furniture and Equipment	10,983	-	-	-	(3,332)	7,651
Information and Communication Technology	3,201	3,227	_	_	(1,272)	5,156
Leased Assets	8,365	-	-	-	(7,091)	1,274
Library Resources	4,215	-	-	-	(527)	3,688
	26,764	3,227	-	-	(12,222)	17,769

10,000

34,000

The net carrying value of furniture and equipment held under a finance lease is \$1,274 (2023: \$8,635)

Restrictions

With the exception of the contractual restrictions related to the above noted finance leases, there are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.



45,419

	2024 Cost or Valuation \$	2024 Accumulated Depreciation \$	2024 Net Book Value \$	2023 Cost or Valuation \$	2023 Accumulated Depreciation \$	2023 Net Book Value \$
Furniture and Equipment	106,842	(99,191)	7,651	106,842	(95,859)	10,983
Information and Communication Technology	10,418	(5,262)	5,156	17,559	(14,358)	3,201
Leased Assets	27,324	(26,049)	1,275	27,324	(18,959)	8,365
Library Resources	62,143	(58,455)	3,688	62,143	(57,928)	4,215
	206,727	(188,957)	17,770	213,868	(187,104)	26,764

12. Transport Network

The school is a member of the Te Kuiti Transport Network Group.

	2024	2024 Budget	2023
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Opening Balance	13,558	15,000	20,740
Income	45,122	-	43,395
Expenses	(31,798)	-	(50,577)
Net Surplus/(Loss)	13,324	-	(7,182)
Disposals			
Closing Balance	26,882	15,000	13,558

13. Accounts Payable

	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Creditors	13,493	15,000	6,035
Accruals	5,977	5,000	7,638
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	42,523	45,000	45,247
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	1,748	-	1,769
	63,741	65,000	60,689
Payables for Exchange Transactions	63,741	65,000	60,689
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates)	_	_	-
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other	-	-	-
	63,741	65,000	60,689

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.



14. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	` \$	\$
Provision at the Start of the Year	21,640	-	19,056
Increase to the Provision During the Year	17,160	3,500	2,584
Use of the Provision During the Year	(38,800)	-	-
Other Adjustments	-	-	-
Provision at the End of the Year	-	3,500	21,640
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	-	-	-
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	-	24,500	21,640
	-	24,500	21,640

The School's cyclical maintenance schedule details annual painting to be undertaken. The costs associated with this annual work will vary depending on the requirements during the year. This plan is based on the actual costs paid in 2024. The exterior of the school was repainted in 2024.

15. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2024 Actual \$	2024 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2023 Actual \$
No Later than One Year	4,996	5,000	6,815
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	1,505	2,400	6,943
Later than Five Years	-	-	-
Future Finance Charges	-	-	-
	6,501	7,400	13,758
Represented by			
Finance lease liability - Current	4,996	5,000	6,815
Finance lease liability - Non current	1,505	2,400	6,943
	6,501	7,400	13,758

16. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the School. The School enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the School would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

The Proprietor of the School (Diocese of Waikato) is a related party of the School Board because the Proprietor appoints representatives to the School Board, giving the Proprietor significant influence over the School Board. Any services or contributions between the School Board and Proprietor have been disclosed appropriately. If the Proprietor collects fund on behalf of the school (or vice versa), the amounts are disclosed.

The Proprietor provides land and buildings free of charge for use by the School Board as noted in Note 1(c). The estimated value of this use during the current period is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense as 'Use of Land and Buildings'.

During 2024, the Hamilton Catholic Development Fund (CDF) held funds on behalf of the Board. Asat 31 December 2024, the amount held by the Proprietor was \$10,000 with an interest rate of 1.3% payable on the investment and \$128 interest paid during the year (2023: \$10,000). The Hamilton CDF was approved by the Ministry of Education as per Gazette Notice dated 5 July 2017.

17. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2024 Actual \$	2023 Actual \$
Board Members Remuneration	3,830	1,555
Leadership Team Remuneration Full-time equivalent members	137,706 1	141,651 1
Total key management personnel remuneration	141,536	143,206

There are 8 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board has held 8 full meetings of the Board in the year. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters, and sub committee meetings, including Finance and Property.

Principal 1

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2027	2020	
	Actual	Actual	
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000	
Salary and Other Payments	130-140	140-150	
Benefits and Other Emoluments	4-5	4-5	
Termination Benefits	-	-	

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration \$000	2024 FTE Number	2023 FTE Number
100 - 110	-	1
110 - 120	-	-
120 - 130	-	-
•	0.00	1.00

2024

2023

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.



18. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2024	2023
	Actual	Actual
Total	\$0	\$0
Number of People	-	-

19. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2024 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2023: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - Schools Payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider, Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry continues to review the Schools Sector Payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. An initial remediation payment has been made to some current school employees. The Ministry is continuing to perform detailed analysis to finalise calculations and the potential impacts of specific individuals. As such, this is expected to resolve the liability for school boards.

Pay Equity and Collective Agreement Funding Wash-up

In 2024 the Ministry of Education provided additional funding for both the Support Staff in Schools' Collective Agreement (CA) Settlement and the Teacher Aide Pay Equity Settlement. At the date of signing the financial statements the School's final entitlement for the year ended 31 December 2024 has not yet been advised. The School has therefore not recognised an asset or a liability regarding this funding wash-up, which is expected to be settled in July 2025.

20. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

At 31 December 2024, the Board had capital commitments of \$Nil (2023:\$Nil):

(b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2024, the Board has not entered into any contracts:



21. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost 2024 2023 2024 **Budget Actual Actual** (Unaudited) Cash and Cash Equivalents 17,577 44,400 28,508 Receivables 44,263 45,000 50,201 Investments - Term Deposits 10,000 34,000 45,419 71,840 123,400 124,128 Total financial assets measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Payables	63,741	65,000	60,689
Finance Leases	6,501	7,400	13,758
Total financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	70,242	72,400	74,447

22. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

23. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.





Analysis of Variance Reporting 2024



School Name:	St Joseph's Catholic School	School Number:	1953
Strategic Aim:	All learners will access and be engaged with teaching environments, that reflect our spec		rough diverse flexible and inclusive learning and ur passion for learning.

Presiding member/principal's report (optional)

This could be a statement from your board's presiding member or principal informing the school or kura community about the achievements and successes of the previous year. The report also provides an opportunity to tell staff, parents and students about the risks, challenges and opportunities coming up in the year ahead.

Board Presiding Members Report - End of Year 2024

List of all school board members (optional)

You may like to list the names of each school board member who have served on the school board during the year, and the date on which each member will finish their term.

Board member names	Date that the board member's term finishes
Allana Grainger	September 2025
Shannon van Groenedaal	September 2025
Serina Williams	September 2025
Janielle Maranan	September 2025
Mary Scobie	Resignation as proprietors' representative
Paul Buist	Resignation as proprietors' representative
Kirsten Erasmus	September 2025
Suzanne Downey	Resignation from position as principal
Father Ritche Maguinda	Replaced with another parish priest

Strategic Goal 1: Religious Education Dimension 2: Mā te Mātauranga ka Tipu-Growth in Knowledge He Arotake Whanaketanga mō te Mātauranga Ahurea Katorika-Te Ture Tāuke mō ngā Kura Katorika (Catholic Special Character Evaluation for Development)

Annual Target/Goal: Catholic Character: Strategically plan the next steps in conjunction with the NZCEO for the introduction of To Tatou Whakapono - Our Faith. The new Religious Education Curriculum for Aotearoa

Actions List all the actions from	What did we achieve? What were the outcomes	Evidence This is the sources of	Reasons for any differences (variances) between the target and the outcomes	Planning for next year – where to next?
your Annual of our actions? Implementation Plan for this Annual What impact did our actions have? Target/Goal.	information the board used to determine those outcomes.	Think about both where you have exceeded your targets or not yet met them.	What do you need to do to address targets that were not achieved. Consider if these need to be included in your next annual implementation plan.	
Action 1 - Religious Education Plan the next steps in conjunction with NZCEO for the introduction of To Tatou Whakapono - Our Faith.	Staff implemented this into the curriculum in 2024. Junior Phases were completed however the Senior Year 5-8 were not ready. Staff implemented using the guidelines provided us by the Diocese.	Reports to the Board re the introduction of To Tatou Whakapono. Board viewing the snippets provided by NZCEO on the themes of To Tatou Whakapono.	Preparation of the completed curriculum is not due until 2026. So the framework was used together with the 'old curriculum' resources that matched the new Themes.	Continue to implement To Tatou Whakapono. The Year 5/6 curriculum resource is complete now. To hold meetings for our parents to explain how To Tatou Whakapono works. Put a special emphasis on the new families coming into the school knowing the new curriculum.

Action 2 – Catholic Curriculum	School provided support for the Parish Baptism programme	Recorded discussions with MACS tutor and staff	In the planning stages only – aiming for the outcome to reach out to the community our Catholic Worldview.	Continue this exploration of ideas and bring the consultation process to the community table.
	Explored the introduction of a school 'whakatauki' Reverence, Respect, Resilience			
Action 3 - Leadership Staff to complete Having Life to the Full Course (started in 2023)	This has not been completed in 2024. The course was not well received by the staff and was time framed unrealistically for our school.		A variety of reasons why this course was not completed. The staff have one full day to go. Negotiations with the facilitator at the start of the course had completion in 1 full day and 3x after school sessions. This was extended to add another day that we did not have available in 2024.	2025: This course needs to be completed and the curriculum for our school written. Consultation with the community can then be completed.

Strategic Goal 2: Learners at the Centre:

Annual Target/Goal: To develop local school curriculum that acknowledges Tiriti o Waitangi and the History of New Zealand. This includes the Catholic History of our community and diocese which includes Rangiaohia, Our Catholic Marae, Motakiora, Mangaokewa

Actions List all the actions from your Annual Implementation Plan for this Annual Target/Goal.	What did we achieve? What were the outcomes of our actions? What impact did our actions have?	Evidence This is the sources of information the board used to determine those outcomes.	Reasons for any differences (variances) between the target and the outcomes Think about both where you have exceeded your targets or not yet met them.	Planning for next year – where to next? What do you need to do to address targets that were not achieved. Consider if these need to be included in your next annual implementation plan.
Action 1 – All staff engage in learning about neurodiversity and actively share this knowledge with our community	Staff members attended Tilting the Seesaw. Relationship with RTLB and learning about what diversity and inclusivity may look like in our teaching programmes.	Course achievement Certificates Case study notes and discussions with RTLB. Language shift throughout the school	Working towards some targets of UDL pedagogy. Achieving other targets where students have become engaged in their learning through and by using new approaches to engagement.	Attend the neurodiversity workshop Mind over Manner. Staff to attend Jase Williams speak about Trauma

Action 2 – To develop local school curriculum that acknowledges Tiriti o Waitangi and the History of NZ e.g. Rangiaohia, Motakiora, Mangaokewa, Te Ara Tika	Began our first year as MAC school and explored what tikanga looks like at St Joseph's. Began to build knowledge and respect for our own tikanga at St Joseph's	Notes and discussions about St Joseph's tikanga – what it is and how much do we want to continue to build the tikanga that we identified.	None	Build further understanding through the MACS model of learning about tikanga Maori – the whare.
Action 3 – Engage with our Kapa Haka Tutor and WAKA to collectively build up knowledge of Local History. Provide opportunities for all learners to acquire and develop knowledge of te reo Maori me ana tikanga. Use te reo more in the classrooms and ensure our displays include te reo Maori and other languages too.	Matariki Whanau Evening. ESOL extra support and resources Kapa Haka and Waiata followed by teachers taking their own groups for te ao Maori lessons – art, te reo reading, counting etc run as a rotation. Began our first year as a MAC school	Knowledge of the children in mau rakau, reading in te reo maori, understanding of signs and symbols seen in a marae, use and understanding of other te reo topics. Notes and staff meeting minutes with MAC tutor Anaru.	None	Continue to build on 2024 momentum, but further define our goals and targets for te reo Maori.

Strategic Goal 3: Barrier Free Access

Annual Target/Goal: Reduce barriers to education for all – including Māori and Pacific learners, those with disabilities and those with learning support needs.

Actions List all the actions from your Annual Implementation Plan for this Annual Target/Goal.	What did we achieve? What were the outcomes of our actions? What impact did our actions have?	Evidence This is the sources of information the board used to determine those outcomes.	Reasons for any differences (variances) between the target and the outcomes Think about both where you have exceeded your targets or not yet met them.	Planning for next year – where to next? What do you need to do to address targets that were not achieved. Consider if these need to be included in your next annual implementation plan.
Action 1 – Assessment tasks will meet the needs of the learner	Literacy: BSLA AI generated assessment tasks based on what the children can do. Tier 2 and 3 identification and teaching Steps Web Embedding BSLA Structured Literacy Approach throughout year 1-4. This is our 5th year of BSLA in our school now.	Literacy Reading PAT's Below: half of previous % At increased by 5%, Above increased by 7% There has been an increase in average SS overtime. PAT overall not as good as what could have been done.	Tier 2 and 3 support structures in place. Identifying need early. Year 6's different strategies tried to assist. Senior class has a different teacher.	Participate in the University of Canterbury's trial of the Structured Literacy approach for Years 5-8. Participate in Ministry PLD for Literacy Teaching as required as BSLA

	Writing OTJ Below: % has been halved At: Same Above: about 10 %	BSLA groups support writing most progress in Jnr phases.	More learning about inference and computational thinking for teachers. Learn about the Phonic testing requirements of the Ministry by 2026 PACT ve E-astle look at assessment.
Mathematics: Assessment tasks with Numicon give opportunity for demonstration/discussion or individual response to problem solving tasks Maths Whizz is Al generated and responds to students' responses at their correct learning levels Embedding Numicon Structured Mathematics Approach throughout the year (This is our 5th year of Numicon now)	Mathematics Step stage increase overall even if child is below they have all made PAT SS progress. PAT's Below: 11% less At: 5% Increase Above: 8% increase. See progression in PAT overall Overall expected progress in PAT's not met.	Consistency and understanding of Numicon Previous years results but individual SS progress overtime has increased and reflect shift.	Check and revise the Math Numicon milestones as per the student data collected anecdotally, from evidence in their books, PAT and Math Whizz. Participate in Ministry PLD for Mathematics Teaching Stage change to phase

Action 2 – Engage and ensure Akonga gain sound foundation skills in literacy and numeracy	BSLA throughout the Junior School Structured Literacy in Senior School Numicon throughout the whole school	See Assessment Data from BSLA	Learn further about the NZ Curriculum and develop further understanding of the Phases of learning. Staff need to be able to communicate these understandings to parents.
	Two teachers completed their UC Microcredentials for BSLA		To hold community evenings around the Curriculum for parents to help their understanding of the learning phases
	A deep dive with the Numicon provider into assessment of Numicon milestones. Developing assessment of Numicon that links with NZ Curriculum		To investigate and consult with the ministry about reporting requirements for 2025

Action 3 – Attendance - 90% of students attending 80% of the time.	Submit attendance termly to the Ministry Report to the Board at each meeting on attendance	Link to Term 4 Attendance Matters report	Submit attendance daily to the Ministry
	attoniamoo		Be familiar with the new codes for attendance Consult the Maori and Pacific communities
			Consult our Filipino communities.

Strategic Goal 4: Quality Teaching and Leadership

Annual Target/Goal: Develop staff strengths in teaching explicitly Literacy and Numeracy. .

Actions List all the actions from your Annual Implementation Plan for this Annual Target/Goal.	What did we achieve? What were the outcomes of our actions? What impact did our actions have?	Evidence This is the sources of information the board used to determine those outcomes.	Reasons for any differences (variances) between the target and the outcomes Think about both where you have exceeded your targets or not yet met them.	Planning for next year – where to next? What do you need to do to address targets that were not achieved. Consider if these need to be included in your next annual implementation plan.
Action 1 – Develop staff strengths in the pedagogy of explicit teaching	See Strategic Goal 3			
Action 2 – Develop staff leadership skills and develop mentoring systems for Professional Learning Conversations	Maths Leader lead the team all year through the Regionally allocated PLD with Maths associates	Mahi completed on alignment of the new curriculum with Numicon milestones. Milestone cards for assessment have been distributed to each class teacher for their 2025 teaching		Use the milestone assessment cards that are aligned to the curriculum. Become more familiar with the key conceptual understandings of teaching mathematics, through the nationally allocated PLD

Strategic Goal 5: Future of Work and Learning

Annual Target/Goal

Actions List all the actions from your Annual Implementation Plan for this Annual Target/Goal.	What did we achieve? What were the outcomes of our actions? What impact did our actions have?	Evidence This is the sources of information the board used to determine those outcomes.	Reasons for any differences (variances) between the target and the outcomes Think about both where you have exceeded your targets or not yet met them.	Planning for next year – where to next? What do you need to do to address targets that were not achieved. Consider if these need to be included in your next annual implementation plan.
Action 1 – Collaborate with Rangitahi Pathways Initiative to explore goals and dreams of rangitahi and give them experiences of those goals.	Rangitahi Pathways was not as involved with our school in 2024 as in the previous year. We had water/wai trips planned to see testing etc at Kawhia and twice it didn't work out. We are in communication for 2025		Timetabling attention and notification ahead of time were challenges on both sides	To re-establish the connection and ensure that we do go on the wai/water trip that was planned for 2024

Strategic Goal 6 Documentation and Self Review

Annual Target/Goal: Board to lead the process of change through the review process. Board to receive regular reports of progress and achievement of akonga throughout the year

Actions List all the actions from your Annual Implementation Plan for this Annual Target/Goal.	What did we achieve? What were the outcomes of our actions? What impact did our actions have?	Evidence This is the sources of information the board used to determine those outcomes.	Reasons for any differences (variances) between the target and the outcomes	Planning for next year - where to next? What do you need to do to address targets that were not achieved. Consider if these need to be included in your next annual implementation plan.
Action 1 – Lead the Board to use the Governance Internal Evaluation Tool	Hautu tool has been on the agenda each Board meeting.			
Action 2 Lead the Board to use the HAUTU tool and focus on Strengthening Community	The focus on strengthening community was intentional and a shared response/understanding and action happened	The gatherings at Matariki and the beginning of 2024 picnic. A greater presence at school events and a willingness by the community to start re-connecting with friends of St Joseph's.		Continue with the Hautu goal. Complete the self review of Hautu goals again in April/May.

Action 3 Board to use the Term Checklists alongside the Principal checklists	These were shared with the Board PM and the Principal. Used for meetings together	Cohesion between PM and Principal and common goals and understandings.		To continue using these in 2025 and share them with the Board too.
Action 4 Board to listen and discuss the NZCEO videos sent out for Board development	About two or three of these videos were discussed during the year.	Discussion and recorded in minutes	Timing at meetings to complete the viewing was limited.	A new understanding for 2025to watch them at home and then discuss them at the meeting.
Action 5 Ensure the school is resourced and financial and property plans are managed effectively.	Painting of the whole school Upgrading the front garden and adding new bark	Installed a new camera at the back of Rimu and more lights by the new PE shed Painting has been completed. In fact it was completed in October 2024		Playground Matting Cross Garden Development Spray for Moss and Mould and Bugs Purchase 5 new Chromebooks for WEDT Improve Signage

Planning for 2025/2026:

- To continue embedding Structured Literacy using the BSLA approach
- To continue embedding Structure Mathematics using the Numicon approach.
- Involve the staff in a 'deep dive' into the conceptual understandings of teaching mathematics that underpin the new mathematics curriculum.
- Involve the staff in a 'deep dive' into structured literacy principles that underpin the new literacy curriculum
- To continue to evolve our understanding of the Religious Education new curriculum To Tatou Whakapono and structure its use throughout the school.
- To share with our community a deeper level of understandings of the new curriculums through workshops/open days and communications beginning in Term 2 2025.
- Alongside the Hautu tool, develop a more structured approach to reviewing Catholic Character throughout the school using the nzceo guidelines.
- Attend to the 2024 Catholic Evaluation Report findings and insert any recommendations into the 2025 work plan.



26 Seddon Street Te Kuiti 3941

December 2024

Kiwi Sport

Kiwi Sport is a Government funding initiative to support students' participation in organised sport.

In 2024, the school received total Kiwi Sport funding of \$1000 (excluding GST).

The funding was spent on:

Transport, Lifeguards and entry to the Te Kuiti pools for whole school swimming coaching and Tryathlon day.



26 Seddon Street Te Kuiti 3941

December 2024

Owen McLeod & Co. Chartered Accountants and Auditors attention Rhiannon rhi@owenmcleod.co.nz

Statement of how St Joseph's Te Kuiti have given effect to te Tiriti o Waitangi.

The St Joseph's Te Kuiti Board recognises our role and responsibility to honour and give effect to te Tiriti o Waitangi.

This is outlined in the policy Te Tiriti o Waitangi inserted below.

St Joseph's Te Kuiti recognises the principles of partnership, protection and participation to meet our obligations.

These have been enacted in 2024 as below;

Partnership:

- We work with the Kahui Ako achievement Objectives to improve outcomes for our tauira. Through the Kahui Ako St Joseph's has established a relationship with Te Nehenehenui lwi to identify and learn about local tikanga Maori along with places and spaces.
- Three manawhenua have been appointed from the iwi to support St Joseph's journey with Te Nehenehenui and help us better meet the needs of our Māori students. This is an ongoing process of building relationships with our iwi.
- Consultation with our kura Māori community remains a priority for the Board.
- St Joseph's supports and participates in local Kapa Haka festivals and events.
- St Joseph's has entered a partnership with MACS (Maori Achievement Collaborative). This collaborative is focussed on the Principal in the first instance and his/her growth in Te Ao Maori. The kura has held staff meetings with the MACS facilitator Anaru Morgan to reflect on 'where we are at'. We have focussed on the meaning of tikanga in relation to our own space and karakia in relation to our own space.

The Principal has collaborated with other local schools in a MACS cluster group and attended a Regional Hui in Kihikihi.

At a Board Level the Hautu tool is being used as a self review of the Board practices and processes. The Board have been focussed on 'Building Community' and reflect and evaluate our progress against the Hautu Tool guidelines. New goals are set accordingly.

The Board PM is used a mihi for her end of year speech and each speaker was as per tikanga sung a waiata following each speech. These small attentions to tikanga are showing that St Joseph's attempting to include Te Ao Maori into all our processes and procedures.

Protection:

- Māturanga Māori and tikanga Māori are upheld through the observances and practices that use a Maori world view to interpret curriculum and situations where relationships break down between peers or where learning needs supporting.
- We have a Kapa Haka and Waiata Tutor who is employed weekly. This is followed by three tuakaina/teina lessons on te reo/tikanga and literacy.
- Te Reo Maori is used meaningfully in the classrooms and throughout the school.
- Kahui Ako hold two call back days a year to work with the iwi and learn about local histories Te Nehenehenui and Maniapoto and Rereahu. In 2024 some of these focussed on personal wellbeing and involved Maramataka and Rongoia healing.

Participation:

- Every student has the opportunity to participate in the curriculum, free from racism or educational barriers. Equitable educational outcomes is St Joseph's goal and our data indicates that this goal is being achieved.
- Student voice is collected and collated regularly.
- St Joseph's began in 2023 the Maori Achievement Collaborative (MACs) and this is on going for three years. (see current note above)

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Compliance with Education and Training Act 2020 requirements to be a good employer

The following questions address key aspects of compliance with a good employer policy:

Reporting on the principles of being a Good Employer			
How have you met your obligations to provide good and safe working conditions?	We have an onsite safety officer, who reports to the Principal or Board any identified hazards. The Board is assured that identified hazards are being monitored		
What is in your equal employment opportunities programme? How have you been fulfilling this programme?	The requirement for an EEO Representative on the staff The opportunities for all staff to participate in training and career development Regular review of employment and personnel policies and processes An Employee database/file – information collected is with informed consent. We have been fulfilling this programme through the Board regular reviews and opportunities for the staff to raise any concerns with the Principal or Board		
How do you practise impartial selection of suitably qualified persons for appointment?	Selection of staff is by appointment committee. This committee is expected to have a specific balance of people on it. This is also monitored by the Diocese Education Manager.		
How are you recognising, - The aims and aspirations of Maori, - The employment requirements of Maori, and - Greater involvement of Maori in the Education service?	We recognise the aims and aspirations of Maori by using as staff and Board in the Hautu Tool for self review. The Principal and Staff are required to have a call back day each term break to participate in Kahui Ako initiatives that recognise Maori aims and aspirations. Applicants to employment positions are able to have interviews and or hui using tikanga Maori The school is now involved in MACS.		
How have you enhanced the abilities of individual employees?	Individual employees skills and talents are recognised and celebrated. Employees through the progressional		